May Helen Giddings

3 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA APPEARANCES STATE OF TEXAS. FOR THE PLAINTIFF, STATE OF TEXAS: Plaintiff, Matthew Frederick Stacey Napier VS. 6 OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS P.O. Box 12548 ERIC H. HOLDER, JR. in his official capacity as Attorney General of the United States, Austin, TX 78711-2548 8 209 West 14th Street 8th Floor Defendant, 9 Austin, TX 78701 (512) 936-1307 ERIC KENNIE, et al. 10 matthew.frederick@texasattorneygeneral.gov Defendant-Intervenors, 11 FOR THE DEFENDANT, HOLDER, ET AL: TEXAS STATE CONFERENCE OF NAACP BRANCHES, CASE NO. 1:12-CV-00128 (RMC-DST-RLW) 12 Angela Miller Three-Judge Court 13 Jennifer Maranzano Defendant-Intervenors, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TEXAS LEAGUE OF YOUNG VOTERS 14 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW EDUCATION FUND, et al, NWB - Room 7202 Washington, DC 20530 15 Defendant-Intervenors, (202) 305-7766 angela.miller5@usdoj.gov TEXAS LEGISLATIVE BLACK 16 CAUCUS, et al, 17 FOR THE DEFENDANT-INTERVENOR TEXAS STATE CONFERENCE OF NAACP BRANCHES AND THE MEXICAN AMERICAN LEGISLATIVE Defendant-Intervenors, 18 CAUCUS: John K. Tanner VICTORIA RODRIGUEZ, et al., 19 (for Ezra D. Rosenberg) Defendant-Intervenors. 20 DECHERT, LLP Suite 500 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 21 902 Carnegie Center ORAL DEPOSITION OF Princeton, NJ 08540-6531 REPRESENTATIVE MAY HELEN GIDDINGS JUNE 6, 20112 22 (609) 955-3200 john.k.tanner@gmail.com 23 ezra.rosenberg@dechert.com 24 25 2 1 ORAL DEPOSITION OF REPRESENTATIVE MAY HELEN INDEX 1 2 2 GIDDINGS, produced as a witness at the instance of the Appearances......3 3 REPRESENTATIVE MAY HELEN GIDDINGS 3 Defendant, was duly sworn, was taken in the above-styled 4 Examination by Mr. Frederick.....5 4 and numbered cause on the JUNE 6, 20112, from 9:43 a.m. Examination by Mr. Tanner.....98 5 to 12:59 p.m., before Chris Carpenter, CSR, in and for 5 Examination by Ms. Miller.....108 6 the State of Texas, reported by machine shorthand, at 6 Signature and Changes......112 7 the offices of Attorney General for the State of Texas, 7 Reporter's Certificate.....114 8 209 West 14th Street, 1st Floor Conference Room, Austin, 8 **EXHIBITS** 9 TX 78701 Austin, Texas 78701, pursuant to the Federal 9 NO. DESCRIPTION PAGE MARKED 10 Rules of Civil Procedure and the provisions stated on 10 Amended Notice of Deposition 11 Photos of Members of the Texas Legislative 17 11 the record or attached hereto. **Black Caucus** 12 12 13 Motion For Leave To Intervene As 33 14 13 Defendants 15 14 16 15 17 16 18 17 19 18 19 20 2.0 21 21 22 22 23 23 24 24 25

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1	REPRESENTATIVE MAY HELEN GIDDINGS,	1	Caucus's counsel?
2	having been first duly sworn to testify the truth, the	2	A. John Tanner.
3	whole truth, and nothing but the truth, testified as	3	Q. And you understand that you have been
4	follows:	4	designated to provide testimony on behalf of the Texas
5	EXAMINATION	5	Legislative Black Caucus today?
6	BY MR. FREDERICK.	6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Good morning, Representative Giddings.	7	Q. So I will try and be clear if I'm referring to
8	A. Good morning.	8	you personally or to the Caucus, but my unless I
9	Q. Please state your full name for the record.	9	otherwise indicate, my questions will be directed toward
10	A. May Helen Giddings.	10	the Caucus as a whole.
11	Q. Thank you. My name is Matt Frederick. I	11	A. Yes.
12	represent the State of Texas in the lawsuit styled Texas	12	Q. Thanks. What did you do to get ready for your
13	versus Holder. Have you ever been deposed before?	13	deposition today?
14	A. I can't remember. I think I was many years	14	A. I reviewed the Senate Bill 14. I did a little
15	ago.	15	search, a little research surrounding the bill as it was
16	Q. Okay. Well, I'll go over some ground rules in	16	on the Floor, and I had a brief conversation with the
17	a minute just to reacquaint you.	17	with the Black Caucus's general counsel.
18	A. Okay.	18	Q. Who is the Legislative Black Caucus's general
19	Q. Are you suffering from any illness today that	19	counsel?
20	will affect your ability to answer my questions	20	A. Or the Caucus is represented by John Tanner,
21	accurately?	21	so general counsel is probably the wrong word, just
22	A. No.	22	counsel, I suppose.
23	Q. Are you taking any medication that might affect	23	Q. How long did that meeting with Mr. Tanner last
24	your ability to provide accurate answers to my	24	about?
25	questions?	25	A. Well, we had dinner, and we talked about this
	6		8
1	A. No.	1	among other things, so it lasted probably an hour or so
2	Q. Are you aware of anything else that might	2	last evening. And then we had about a 20-minute
3	prevent you from accurately answering my questions	3	breakfast this morning, some of which I spent talking
4	today?	4	about the Celtics game.
5	A. No.	5	Q. What research did you do specifically to
6	Q. Okay. A couple of ground rules. One, maybe	6	prepare for this deposition?
7	the most important, is to just answer audibly so that	7	A. I took a look at the amendments that members of
8	the court reporter can take down what we're saying. So	8	the Texas Legislative Black Caucus had proposed during
9	instead of nodding your head, he would prefer that you	9	the debate. I took a look at Senate Bill 4 Senate
10	say "yes" or "no."	10	Bill 14. And I looked at the House research
11	A. Uh-huh. Yes.	11	organization piece. Pardon me. I looked at the letter
12	Q. And if you don't understand any question that I	12	from that the Department of Justice sent to the
13	ask, please tell me, and I will happy to rephrase it.	13	State, briefly this morning. And I looked at I don't
14	Okay?	14	know what you call it, the notice of intention to take
15	A. That's fine.	15	oral deposition of I looked at that.
16	Q. Thanks. And please wait until I finish a	16	Q. All right.
17	question to start answering just so we're not talking	17	A. Additionally, I recalled that some of the
1.0	over each other, and I will also to do my best not to	18	conversations and so forth that had happened with my
18	1.1. 110. 01. 01. 0		
19	ask a question while you're still answering. Okay?	19	office regarding this particular legislation, and I
	•	19 20	office regarding this particular legislation, and I tried to find an e-mail as it related to that.
19	ask a question while you're still answering. Okay?		
19 20	ask a question while you're still answering. Okay?  A. Fine.	20	tried to find an e-mail as it related to that.
19 20 21	ask a question while you're still answering. Okay?  A. Fine.  Q. Okay. Are you represented by counsel today?	20 21	tried to find an e-mail as it related to that.  Q. What was the e-mail that you tried to find?
19 20 21 22	<ul><li>ask a question while you're still answering. Okay?</li><li>A. Fine.</li><li>Q. Okay. Are you represented by counsel today?</li><li>A. I am not. I am here representing the Texas</li></ul>	20 21 22	tried to find an e-mail as it related to that.  Q. What was the e-mail that you tried to find?  A. Well, it was an e-mail from Riley Simmons, who



Q. Okay. And who is the Legislative Black

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would have on voter turnout, particularly for elderly

11 African Americans and for students. And Mr. Simmons organization report, and that's -- and the documents 1 2 called our office and asked if we could make available 2 that we've already talked about. 3 the Department of Public Safety coming out on site, 3 Q. Okay. 4 4 doing on-site registrations for the elderly so that they A. That's -- oh, some amendments that were filed 5 would not have to go down to the Department of Public 5 by members of the legislative -- Texas Legislative Black 6 Safety and stand in line for a very long time. Many of 6 7 7 them might not be able to do that. Q. Do you have copy of the e-mail we were 8 And also, because we had some colleges, 8 discussing with Mr. Simmons? 9 that there was some concern about students there who 9 A. Yes, I do. 10 might not have a driver's license because they might not 10 Q. Okay. Do you mind if I looked at that e-mail? 11 drive, and their student ID could not be used. And 11 A. No, sure don't. (Handed to counsel.) 12 therefore, they might be absent what was required under 12 Q. Thanks. 13 Senate Bill 14 to be able to vote. 13 Did you talk to anyone else about your 14 14 deposition today besides Mr. Tanner? Q. Did you find that e-mail? 15 A. I found our response to Mr. Simmons. I did not 15 A. Well, yes, just in passing, but no details. My 16 find his e-mail. I did find our response to him. And 16 staff knows I'm here to do a deposition on -- on voter 17 17 our response to him said our having worked with the ID, you know, I -- but in terms of the details of what I 18 Department of Public Safety, the Department of Public 18 might -- my testimony is or whatever, no, I -- I can't 19 Safety said to us that they would come out and offer 19 think of anyone that I talked to about it. 20 education and guidance to the citizens that were bussed 20 I mean, we've had a conversation with 21 21 into a particular site, but they were unable to set up Mr. Tanner, with the chair of the Legislative Black 22 on-site registration. 22 Caucus some time ago, I think before I was asked to 23 Q. Do you know if that e-mail has been or the --23 provide whatever testimony I could provide, and 24 24 or Mr. Simmons -- I'm sorry. Is it Mr. or Mrs. Simmons? certainly probably the director of the Texas Legislative 25 A. It's Mr. Simmons. Riley Simmons. 25 Black Caucus was on that conversation and maybe other 10 12 Q. Do you know if Mr. Simmons e-mail has been 1 1 members. I don't know. It was the chair, to the best 2 produced in this litigation? 2 of my memory, some weeks ago calling a meeting, a 3 A. I don't know that it has. I just -- I just 3 telephone meeting. 4 4 recall that very, very vividly because, you know, I said Q. Do you know how you were designated to testify 5 5 on behalf of the Legislative Black Caucus? to Mr. Simmons, this -- this issue has not finally been 6 6 decided just yet. But there was a lot of confusion, or A. No, I do not. I'll be perfectly honest with 7 7 I should say concern in the community and believing you and tell you that we have members in the legislature 8 that, in fact, everything had been cleared and this 8 that are experts on various issues and --9 9 legislation was, in fact, in place. And so, you know, I Q. And are you an expert --10 10 was trying to tell him I wasn't sure that we were, you A. No. Q. -- on SB 14? 11 know, quite where he was yet and let the process play 11 12 out. So I don't know is the answer to that question. 12 A. No. 13 Q. You mentioned a letter from the Department of 13 Q. Okay. Is there any member of the Legislative 14 Justice to the State. Was that the March 12th letter 14 Black Caucus who is an expert on SB 14 to your 15 where the department objected to Senate Bill 14? 15 16 A. Yes. 16 A. Well, to my knowledge, and now, you know, this 17 17 is my personal opinion. Q. Okay. Great. 18 A. I saw it for the first time last night, and I 18 Q. Sure. 19 reviewed it for the first time for a few minutes this 19 A. And I'm here speaking on behalf of the Caucus,

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Q. Right.



much I know about that.

morning, and a lot of legalese there so I don't know how

Q. And it looks like you've brought some documents

with you today. Can you tell me what those documents

A. Senate Bill 14. The House research organ --

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but the person I think who sat on the committee was

Mr. Veasey, I believe, and so because he sits on that

presented himself as somebody who has an issue.

committee and he knows what transpired, I would say, but

it's my understanding, and I could be wrong, that he has

	13		15
1			
1 2	A. And so I'm suspecting that at some point in	1 2	Q. Now, turning back to Topic 1, are you prepared
3	time, whatever it is he has to say, he will have an	3	to testify about Topic 1 today?  A. I believe that I am.
4	opportunity to say it.  MR. TANNER: Just to clarify for the	4	
5	record, again, Representative Giddings is appearing as a	5	<ul> <li>Q. Other than what we talked about a moment ago,</li> <li>the documents you reviewed and conversations you had,</li> </ul>
6		6	·
7	witness for the Caucus. Mr. Veasey has separate representation in this. And she's here as the witness	7	did you do anything specific to prepare to testify about Topic 1?
8	for the Caucus as the organization.	8	A. I did not.
9	MR. FREDERICK: Right. Okay. Thanks.	9	Q. And then on Page 2, let's see, there's Topic
10	(Exhibit 1 marked for identification.)	10	
11	Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Do you recognize this	11	Have you been designated to testify about Topic 2?     A. Yes.
12	document?	12	
13		13	Q. And are you prepared to testify about Topic 2
14	A. Yes.	14	today? A. Yes.
15	Q. Can you tell me what this document is?	15	
	A. It's it says it's the well, I'm not sure,		MR. TANNER: Subject to objections of which we have notified the state beforehand.
16 17	amended notice of intention. I'm trying to see. I	16 17	
	don't think I've ever seen that document before, because the document that I have says "notice of intention to		Q. (By Mr. Frederick) And moving down Topic 3, have you been designated to testify about Topic 3?
18	•	18	A. Could we pause here and let me get clarity?
19 20	take oral deposition," and this document says "amended notice."	19 20	
21	Q. Okay.	21	Q. Of course.  A. Let me say that I am here as the witness for
22	Q. Oray. A. So	22	the Texas Legislative Black Caucus. I'm not an
23	Q. The document that you have that's the notice of	23	attorney. And so, you know, if these are legal issues
24	intention, is there a date on that document for the	24	or they require legal standards, you know, we'll just
2.5	denosition?	125	see you know when you get to the guestions on these
25	deposition?	25	see, you know, when you get to the questions on these
25	deposition?	25	see, you know, when you get to the questions on these
1	14 A. Oh, May 24th.	1	16 particular ones.
1 2	14 A. Oh, May 24th. Q. Okay.	1 2	16 particular ones. But as far as I am concerned, when we
1	14 A. Oh, May 24th. Q. Okay. A. Uh-huh.	1 2 3	16 particular ones. But as far as I am concerned, when we looked at these, as far as I know, when we looked at
1 2 3 4	A. Oh, May 24th. Q. Okay. A. Uh-huh. Q. And what is the date on the amended notice of	1 2 3 4	16 particular ones. But as far as I am concerned, when we looked at these, as far as I know, when we looked at these on last evening, these are the questions that you
1 2 3 4 5	A. Oh, May 24th. Q. Okay. A. Uh-huh. Q. And what is the date on the amended notice of deposition?	1 2 3 4 5	particular ones.  But as far as I am concerned, when we looked at these, as far as I know, when we looked at these on last evening, these are the questions that you said you would want the Legislative Black Caucus to
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look the same.

included on the original notice of intention?

A. A quick look would indicate -- yes, the pages

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Toll Free: 800.211.DEPO Facsimile: 512.328.8139

Q. Thank you. What are the requirements for

membership in the Texas Legislative Black Caucus?

A. Any member who is of African American descent

	17		19
1	can join.	1	today, as far as I know, there is no one who takes part
2	Q. Is the Legislative Black Caucus made of	2	in our meetings and so forth, except those members who
3	exclusively of members of the Texas House of	3	are currently serving.
4	Representatives?	4	Q. And you that believe if there is a provision
5	A. The two senators are also considered members of	5	for former members to former members of the House or
6	the Texas Legislative Black Caucus. I notice that this	6	Senate to be members of the Legislative Black Caucus,
7	is some of these things I'm seeing for the first time	7	that would probably in the bylaws of the organization?
8	but maybe on the website they're not listed, but	8	A. I think it would probably be. Yes. Uh-huh.
9	certainly, we consider them members. And as far as I	9	Q. And Exhibit Number 2, which we've discussed is
10	know, they consider themselves members. And we work	10	the current members of the House, there are no former
11	together on pretty much everything.	11	members of the House on that
12	Q. Do you mind, can we mark that as an exhibit?	12	A. No.
13	MR. TANNER: Certainly. I'll represent	13	Q currently? Thank you.
14	that this is printed out of the Legislative Black	14	Do any of the members of the Texas
15	Caucus's website, and there's a list of members with	15	Legislative Black Caucus lack the photo ID required by
16	their photographs and other information.	16	Senate Bill 14?
17	MR. FREDERICK: We'll mark that as Number	17	A. I would, of course, not have surveyed these
18	2, please.	18	members, but my guess would be that they all have the
19	(Exhibit 2 marked for identification.)	19	proper identification. That would be that would be
20	Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Representative Giddings,	20	my best guess.
21	I'm handing you what we've just marked as Exhibit 2, and	21	Q. So as you sit here today, can you identify
22	I believe that we all know what this is, but can you	22	any any specific member of the Legislative Black
23	just identify this for the record, please?	23	Caucus who does not have one of the types of ID required
24	A. Yes. It is a document with photos of members	24	by SB 14?
25	of the Texas Legislative Black Caucus that are in the	25	A. No. I could not identify anybody who does not
	18		20
1	18 House. Not my document, Mr. Tanner's document. I just	1	20 have ID.
1 2		1 2	
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at least in -- that the State, that the State has the burden of making sure that it is not discriminatory.

- Q. Just so I understand your testimony, so your testimony is that the Texas Legislative Black Caucus wants to ensure that there's not suppression or voters or a retrogressive effect that might happen if the Senate Bill went into effect; is that right?
  - A. Yes.

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Q. But as I understand your testimony, you do not or the Caucus does not contend that its own members would be prevented from voting by SB 14; is that correct?

MR. TANNER: I object. I think that misstates the witness's testimony.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Do you -- does the Caucus contend that its members, as listed in Exhibit 2, would be prevented from voting by SB 14 if it went into

A. If I understand your question, if it is, would these 17 people not be able to vote as a result of the enactment of Senate Bill 14, to my knowledge, they would

- Q. Does the Legislative Black Caucus, does it register voters?
- A. Well, the Legislative Black Caucus, as a body,

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- knowledge, is that something where there might be a specific budget item or part of the Caucus's budget 3 devoted to the summit that you mentioned?
  - A. Once a year we have, you know, twelve, fifteen hundred, maybe more, probably more people, come to Austin to just meet with any number of people and to talk about issues that -- of concern to them, but I'm not sure how that -- how that is reflected in the budget.
  - Q. Are there any other specific activities that the Caucus officially engages in?
  - A. Town hall meetings, electronic town hall meetings, that kind of thing.
  - Q. Can you tell me about how many town hall meetings the Caucus hosts or conducts per year?
  - A. Well, that -- that really varies with what's going on and what might need to be addressed. And they happen in a number of different ways. For instance, individual members have town hall meetings all the time. And we will go from -- I'll go, some of us will go to Houston, some of the Houston people will come to Dallas. You know, we're going to Galveston, whatever. So we don't have a schedule for these, but they do happen with some degree of regularity. And again, individual members, you know, continuously have

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- collectively, we do a number of things, but each of us acts independent and individually to some extent. And so all of us from time to time are very involved with making sure that we offer every opportunity for persons, regardless of who they are, to vote.
- Q. To your knowledge, is -- is there any of the Legislative Black Caucus's budget that is dedicated or set aside for voter registration?
- A. Unfortunately, we have a very small budget, and so we don't have a budget that is set aside for that, for voter registration.
- Q. Does the Caucus conduct any voter education
- A. We do. We have a summit every year, and certainly, we talk about voter education during those summits. And we have other town hall-like meetings from time to time, and so voter education is generally permeated throughout all of our initiatives.
- Q. To your knowledge, is there a specific part of the Caucus's budget that's dedicated or allocated to voter education?
- A. If we were to say specifically, no. You know, generally, I think it's incorporated in what we do, but to have a specific line item, no, we do not.
  - Q. You mentioned a summit. Is there, to your

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- their own town hall meetings.
- 2 Q. For the summit, you mentioned maybe 1200 to 1500 people?
  - A. I think I really underestimated. I think it's probably 2,000 or so.
  - Q. But a lot of people?
  - A. A lot of people. Uh-huh.
  - Q. Do people have to -- like is there an attendance fee or a fee that people have to pay to cover materials or anything to attend the summit?
  - A. For the most part, no, we make sure that people can -- can come.
  - Q. Has the Texas Legislative Black Caucus hosted any speakers to address voter ID legislation?
  - A. Not speakers. We've, you know, we are pretty much the people who try to explain to our constituents what the legislation is and what's happening.
  - Q. Has the Caucus produced any reports, generally, on voter ID legislation?
    - A. Not that I'm aware of.
  - Q. Did the Caucus provide its members with any materials on voter ID for the 2011 legislative session?
  - A. I'm not aware of any printed material, per se, and this is to the best of my memory. Remember, we're looking at 4,000 bills in a legislative session. This



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is certainly an important one. But so to the best of my ability, I'm not aware.

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- Q. Did the Caucus provide information to its members in any other way about voter ID legislation in the 2011 session?
- A. I think for the most part, when we come together for our meetings or informal discussions or that kind of thing, this is a long way of answering this question. But because of who we are and because of what our history is, particularly here in Texas, anything that comes up that appears -- that is going to suppress voter participation is a red flag for us. And it's everybody starts to talking and whatever. And for the most part, people don't feel that they have to do a lot of research on that to know what effect that's going to have, and it's just based on history.
- Q. Is it fair to say that any information that Caucus members gathered or considered about voter ID legislation in 2011 came from other members?
- A. I -- I couldn't speak for the entire group on that. But no, I couldn't speak for the entire group. But personally -- well, no, I'm speaking for the Caucus. I don't remember a lot of information.

24 There are people who are advocates for 25 various issues, and certainly, there were people who 27

- 1 I guess I would have to say I have no specific knowledge 2 of this. Would I believe that it happened? 3 Absolutely. But do I have specific knowledge? I do 4
  - Q. Can you recall -- do you recall at any time let's say since 2009, do you recall any material or information provided by the Caucus to its members about voter ID?
  - A. I can't say that I have a direct recollection of that. And also remembering that every day when we go into the Texas House, there's a stack of handouts that people have put on the desk this tall. Some of them you see, some of them you do not. But in terms of remembering a specific document from the Caucus, I do
  - Q. And I can see that -- how high would you estimate the stack of documents every day in the House?
    - A. It's really high.
  - Q. Like several inches?
  - A. Several inches. In spite of the fact that the House -- we've said we're going to do everything electronically. I mean, you know, you put it on the computer and how many people see it. So best way to get them to see it, put it on their desk.

MR. TANNER: I'm going to make a general

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- were concerned about this issue outside of the Capitol. And certainly, those people come and make their voices heard. And you know, groups, advocacy groups tend to have surveys and polls and facts and those kinds of things, and it doesn't matter whether it's electricity or voter participation, you know, voter ID or whatever, people come to share their thoughts. So I'm sure that as -- as in that kind of scenario, people came and shared their thoughts about what they thought the effects of this legislation might have.
  - Q. Can you --
  - A. My opinion.
- Q. Can you remember any of the individuals or groups who came to talk to the Caucus about voter ID legislation?

MR. TANNER: And just to clarify, are you talking about the Caucus as the group or individual members of the Caucus?

- Q. (By Mr. Frederick) The Caucus as a group.
- A. The Caucus as a group, I cannot.
- Q. Can you recall, and to the extent that you know, were there any advocates or advocacy groups or anyone, really, who came to talk to individual members of the Caucus about voter ID?
  - A. I don't have specific knowledge of this, and so

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objection, moving forward. I think a lot of the questioning assumes a level of structure to the activities of the Texas Legislative Black Caucus that may be present in many organizations, including the Texas Attorney General's Office and the Department of Justice and most corporations, that has -- that has not been shown to exist in the Caucus. I believe the witness testified about the members taking an individual action, and I think that will clarify things moving forward if we bear that in mind.

MR. FREDERICK: I appreciate that. And that's fair. I think that's part of just what I'm trying to figure out, and so I appreciate that.

- Q. (By Mr. Frederick) You're aware that the Caucus has intervened with other parties in this lawsuit; is that right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And those parties include the League of Women Voters of Texas, the Justice Seekers, and some individuals as well; is that right?
- A. Yes. Is that -- is that the full list? Oh, you're the person who's asking the questions, but I thought the list was longer.
- Q. Well, are you aware that the Caucus has joined with the League of Women Voters of Texas in this



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1	lawsuit?	1	vast majority of the members or he takes a telephone
2	A. I am aware that the League of Women Voters is	2	vast majority of the members or he takes a telephone poll or that kind of thing. That's generally. How the
3	party to this.	3	decision was made in this particular instance, I'm not
4	Q. Okay. And you're aware that there was a	4	I'm not sure that I know the answer.
5	that they moved, the League of Women Voters moved with	5	Q. Do you know do you recall a meeting where
6	the Caucus to intervene; is that right?	6	the chairman took a vote or a poll of the members about
7	A. Yes.	7	whether to intervene in this lawsuit?
8	Q. Okay.	8	A. I am sure that
9	A. I I understand that we are both intervenors	9	MR. TANNER: Are you asking whether there
10	and, you know, how together that is or whether we've	10	was a meeting?
11	said to them something or they've said to us something,	11	MR. FREDERICK: Right yes, right now
12	I don't know anything about that. But I'm aware that	12	just whether there was meeting where there was a vote or
13	we're both intervenors.	13	a poll.
14	Q. Okay. Did the Legislative Black Caucus meet	14	A. I don't know that there was an in-person
15	with the League of Women Voters of Texas during the 2011	15	meeting. There are lots of telephonic meetings with us,
16	legislative session?	16	and I had a knowledge that this was an issue that the
17	A. As a group, we did not, to the best of my	17	Caucus would be involved in because of our interest in
18	ability. Also remembering, I think it's important,	18	these matters. Today I couldn't tell you how that
19	Mr. Frederick, to say that because of our very, very	19	how that played out.
20	busy schedules at while we're in session, many times	20	Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Do you personally recall,
21	one of us, including I might not be in all of the	21	whether in person or by phone or even in e-mail, being
22	meetings just due to other things, so to the best of my	22	asked for a vote or asked if you wanted to intervene or
23	ability, we did not meet with the League of Women Voters	23	wanted the Caucus to intervene in this lawsuit?
24	as a group when I was present.	24	A. I am sure that that took place, and if I were
25	Q. Has the Caucus, to your knowledge, met with the	25	to guess, I would say it was by phone, and that would be
	Q. Has the Caucus, to your knowledge, thet with the	23	to guess, I would say it was by priorie, and that would be
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1	3 0 League of Women Voters at any time before moving to	1	32 my guess.
1 2	30 League of Women Voters at any time before moving to intervene in this lawsuit?	1 2	32 my guess. Q. To your knowledge, were were you ever
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gets a sense that he has the vast -- the support of the

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of those people that we represent. That's -- so that I

	33		35
1	just don't think I can speak to that at all or	1	client conversation or work product. I mean, this has
2	adequately.	2	been filed in the lawsuit.
3	Q. Well, let me show	3	MR. TANNER: Well, the document speaks for
4	A. I guess it's a little bit legal to me in terms	4	itself, and it's a legal brief, and this is a
5	of joining the League of Women Voters or Justice	5	nonattorney factual witness.
6	Seekers, per se, rather than, you know, the Caucus	6	MR. FREDERICK: I understand, and I'm just
7	acting on it and what was in the best interest of the	7	asking her to confirm what the document says.
8	people that they represent.	8	MR. TANNER: And I will also note for the
9	Q. I understand. And let me I'll show you	9	record that she said she's not familiar with it, and
10	something that I think will maybe explain a little bit	10	we're burning up time here going over it.
11	what I mean when I say that.	11	MR. FREDERICK: I understand.
12	A. All right.	12	Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Let me just ask one
13	Q. I understand that's probably confusing.	13	question. In this document that's been marked as
14	MR. FREDERICK: Will you please mark this	14	Exhibit 3, it's titled, "A motion For Leave To Intervene
15	as 3?	15	As Defendants." Is it does this document list the
16	(Exhibit 3 marked for identification.)	16	Legislative Black Caucus, the League of Women Voters,
17	Q. (By Mr. Frederick) I'm handing you what has	17	the Justice Seekers, Reverend Peter Johnson, Reverend
18	been be marked as Deposition Exhibit 3. Are you	18	Ronald Wright and Donald Wright?
19	familiar with this document?	19	MR. TANNER: I'll object. The document
20	A. Personally well, this is kind of hard to	20	speaks for itself.
21	answer on behalf of the Caucus because it does require a	21	Q. (By Mr. Frederick) You may answer. You may
22	personal I'm not familiar with this document, no.	22	answer.
23	Q. Just for the record, can you identify what this	23	A. The what you just read is what the document
24	document says it is?	24	said. And that's a little bit confusing for a
25	A. It says it's a Motion For Leave To Intervene As	25	nonlawyer, when counsel objects and the opposition is
23	·	23	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	34		36
1	Defendants.	1	where is the judge here to tell me I have to answer or
2	<ul> <li>Q. And in the first sentence, right under the</li> </ul>	2	not.
3	title, you see it says "Texas Legislative Black Caucus";	3	Q. Sure. And I should have made that clear at the
4	is that right?	4	beginning. Generally, the way depositions work, you
5	MR. TANNER: I'm going to object to this	5	know, your counsel is free to object on the record, and
6	on a number of grounds: The attorney-client privilege,	6	unless he instructs you not to answer, even if he
7	work document and relevance. We are going down we've	7	objects, generally, you just answer.
8	spent a fair amount of time going down a road that has,	8	A. Oh, okay.
9	as far as I can discern, nothing to do with the legal	9	Q. But if you're not to answer, he will instruct
10	the factual issues involved in this case. And so I'll	10	you.
11	unless I get some explanation, I'll instruct the	11	A. Oh, okay. Good. Great. Now I know the answer
12	witness not to answer the question.	12	to that.
13	MR. FREDERICK: On what basis, relevance?	13	MR. TANNER: Thank you, Matt.
14	MR. TANNER: Attorney-client privilege and	14	Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Okay, well, let's move on
15	work product.	15	to a different area. Did you speak with anyone at the
16	MR. FREDERICK: Well	16	Department of Justice about Senate Bill 14?
17	MR. TANNER: This is a brief, a motion and	17	A. No, I have not.
18	a memorandum in support. It's a legal document.	18	Q. Are you aware whether the Caucus spoke with the
19	MR. FREDERICK: Okay.	19	Department of Justice about SB 14?
20	MR. TANNER: And it has to do with an	20	MR. TANNER: The Caucus is an
21	and the second second	21	organization. Just to clarify the form of the question.
	issue separate from the issue of this case.	41	organization. Gust to diamy the form of the quotion.
22	MR. FREDERICK: Okay. Well, let me ask	22	A. The Caucus, as an organization, I don't have
	•		A. The Caucus, as an organization, I don't have direct knowledge.
22	MR. FREDERICK: Okay. Well, let me ask	22	A. The Caucus, as an organization, I don't have



37 39 Texans' right to vote? 1 Department of Justice about SB 14? 1 2 A. To my knowledge. I might -- I would not know 2 MR. TANNER: Again, I'm going to object to 3 whether or not individual members did. There are two --3 the form. The legal terms have precise legal meaning, 4 4 and I want to make sure that I'm clear here. I want to which may not be the same as the lay meaning of the 5 make sure that -- I'm trying to keep two things 5 terms, and I think that there's some plain language ways 6 separated. We were very concerned about -- about 6 that would be easier for the witness to answer. 7 7 redistricting. We very concerned about SB 14. And I do Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Do you understand the 8 know that we had some conversations, not as a group, the 8 question as I've stated it? 9 organization, but to the best of my knowledge, that 9 A. Let me -- can I play it back to you in my own 10 conversation that we had would have been with 10 language? 11 redistricting. I'm not -- there were two things going 11 Q. Of course, yes. 12 on, both of them with the Department of Justice, and I 12 A. Is the question, does the Caucus believe that 13 think that what I'm aware of was probably having to do 13 the African American vote is going to be suppressed 14 with redistricting. 14 because of Senate Bill 14? 15 Q. Well, that's fair. Does the Caucus believe Q. I understand. Thank you. 16 16 Did the Caucus send any letters or e-mails that the African American vote will be suppressed by 17 to the Department of Justice about SB 14? Senate Bill 14? 18 A. It's the same answer because on -- on either 18 A. The Caucus does. 19 19 redistricting -- and I'm going to guess, you know, my Q. Earlier you mentioned a retrogressive effect. 20 best -- to the best of my memory, that correspondence, 20 21 at least while we were in session, had to do with Q. Does the Caucus believe that Senate Bill 14 22 redistricting, rather than SB 14. 22 would have a retrogressive effect on African American 23 Now, you know, after the session, the 23 voters? 24 Caucus as an organization has a chairman that very often 24 MR. TANNER: Would you like to rephrase 25 speaks for us, and with our permission, but I'm not -- I 25 that? Plain language. Again, I object to the form. 40 38 may not be aware of all contact, if any, that might have Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Okay. If you can answer 1 2 been made, but between the redistricting and SB 14, and 2 the question, please do. 3 I believe it was mostly redistricting, I think there has 3 A. If you're asking me if it has the potential of 4 been communication. lowering the vote, percentage-wise or otherwise, of 5 5 African Americans, that's the concern that the Q. Does the Caucus contend that Senate Bill 14, if 6 6 enacted or if it takes effect, will deny or abridge Legislative Black Caucus does have. 7 Q. So your testimony, just so I'm clear and we can African American Texans' right to vote? 8 8 MR. TANNER: Excuse me. I'm going to move on, is that the Caucus believes that Senate Bill 9 9 object to the form of the question which calls for a 14, if enacted or put into effect, would suppress 10 African American votes and -- well, is that accurate? legal conclusion, and I think, as to this, and I presume 11 11 A. I think it's -- it's pretty accurate, you're going to get into the purpose too. You can break 12 12 it down into elements. Mr. Frederick, because from all the -- from our town 13 MR. FREDERICK: Sure. hall meetings and so forth, when these particularly 14 MR. TANNER: And it will be -- and we can 14 elderly people and very young people come up, they tell 15 15 us in many cases they do not possess the document that move along. 16 MR. FREDERICK: Okay. 16 they are going to need to go and vote. And so that's 17 17 how we have come up with -- with our belief that it is Q. (By Mr. Frederick) And that question was 18 18 stated in more legal terms. So I'll -- I'll try and going to lower voter turnout. 19 19 make it more clear. And people who are voting today, because 20 20 of the variety of documents that they can use to vote, First, do you understand -- do you 21 21 understand what I mean when I say "denying or abridging will not be able to do it tomorrow because -- or if this 22 22 the right to vote"? bill is enacted, because some of the documents that are 23 23 A. Yes. used today they won't be able to use in the future. 24 24 Q. Does the Caucus contend that Senate Bill 14, if Q. So the Caucus believes that SB 14, if put into 25 25 put into effect, would deny or abridge African American effect, will lower African American turnout?



	41		43
1	A. Yes. Yes.	1	effect of SB 14 on African American voters?
2	Q. Are there any other negative effects that the	2	A. Not to my knowledge.
3	Caucus believes SB 14 would have if put into effect?	3	Q. Other than well, I'll just ask it this way,
4	A. To the best of my knowledge, it would be that,	4	and hopefully, this will be clear: Has the Caucus
5	you know, while we're trying to get as many people to	5	conducted any any formal surveys on the effect of SB
6	have a voice in government and feel a part of	6	14 on African American voters?
7	government, and they do that by voting, and these people	7	A. Not formal surveys, no.
8	no longer be able to vote, that would be the major	8	Q. But but members of the Caucus have spoken to
9	reason that I believe that the Caucus would have for its	9	individuals who are concerned about the potential
10	position.	10	effects; is that accurate?
11	Q. So you said that that belief of the Caucus is	11	A. Many, many individuals, especially, you know,
12	based on town hall meetings where individuals have	12	in our individual meetings, our phone calls, town hall
13	stated that they don't have the required documents under	13	meetings, that kind of thing. Electronic town hall
14	SB 14; is that right?	14	meetings where, you know, you get thousands of people.
15	MR. TANNER: I believe that was part of	15	Q. So, and the purpose of this is just to figure
16	the witness's previous answer. She also referenced	16	out what the basis for the contention is about the
17	other materials that had been provided to the members of	17	effect, and you've mentioned town hall meetings,
18	the Caucus in which we discussed earlier.	18	advocacy groups that provided material, and constituent
19	Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Okay. Well	19	communications about the potential effect of SB 14. Is
20	A. Repeat, please.	20	there anything anything else that the Caucus's belief
21	Q. Sure. A moment ago you mentioned that that	21	about the potential effect of SB 14 is based on?
22	belief, the Caucus's belief about the effect of SB 14,	22	A. I don't think we can leave out history.
23	was based at least in part on town hall meetings where	23	Q. History.
24	individuals had said that they lacked the required ID.	24	A. That's I think a major part of this. And I
25	A. Uh-huh.	25	think, secondarily, you know, when we pass bills,
	42		44
1	Q. Is that right?	,	gaparally appalying I think the Causus helioves that
2	A. Well, that, in part, but then again, you know,	1 2	generally speaking, I think the Caucus believes that we're trying to move to a higher level and improve, make
3	we speak to advocacy groups, so it's just not from a	3	an improvement that makes us a better a better state
4	town hall meeting. It's from advocacy groups. I mean,	4	and so forth.
5	this bill caused a real major stir in the African	5	And I I know that the Caucus did did
6	American community. And because of the history of	6	look at some information that indicated to them that
7	African Americans, it was very frightening that	7	there really hadn't been a lot of evidence of widespread
8	something has been fought for so long and so hard	8	misuse of the ballot with people being misidentified, so
9	might might now be in danger.	9	to speak.
10	So we, basically, if there's something	10	We we certainly realize that we don't
11	really good happening, we hear from our constituents.	11	want people who are not eligible to vote, illegal voters
12	If there's really something bad happening, we hear from	12	voting, and we didn't see and we haven't been presented
		13	with a lot of evidence that that is the case.
13	our constituents. And we near a for from constituents	-	
13 14	our constituents. And we heard a lot from constituents		
14	on on this particular issue. And again, the very	14	Q. Has has the Caucus you mentioned
14 15	on on this particular issue. And again, the very young, the very old, the people in the rural areas, and	14 15	Q. Has has the Caucus you mentioned widespread misuse, are you referring to voter
14 15 16	on on this particular issue. And again, the very young, the very old, the people in the rural areas, and interestingly enough, a lot of married women.	14 15 16	Q. Has has the Caucus you mentioned widespread misuse, are you referring to voter impersonation?
14 15 16 17	on on this particular issue. And again, the very young, the very old, the people in the rural areas, and interestingly enough, a lot of married women.  I remember a town hall meeting in Dallas	14 15 16 17	Q. Has has the Caucus you mentioned widespread misuse, are you referring to voter impersonation?  A. Uh-huh. Yes.
14 15 16 17 18	on on this particular issue. And again, the very young, the very old, the people in the rural areas, and interestingly enough, a lot of married women.  I remember a town hall meeting in Dallas that I did with several other state reps, and it it	14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>Q. Has has the Caucus you mentioned widespread misuse, are you referring to voter impersonation?</li> <li>A. Uh-huh. Yes.</li> <li>Q. Was there any evidence that of any voter</li> </ul>
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	on on this particular issue. And again, the very young, the very old, the people in the rural areas, and interestingly enough, a lot of married women.  I remember a town hall meeting in Dallas that I did with several other state reps, and it it was a little bit of surprise to me that married women were standing up and saying, "Well, you know, my voter ID says this and my driver's license says that," and	14 (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22)	Q. Has has the Caucus you mentioned widespread misuse, are you referring to voter impersonation?  A. Uh-huh. Yes. Q. Was there any evidence that of any voter impersonation in Texas?  MR. TANNER: Are you talking about the consideration of the period for the consideration of



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consideration of this bill or any other voter ID bill, has there been any evidence of any voter impersonation A. Well, I'm trying to remember the debate, and I won't say that I can remember it precisely, but I think the conclusion was that we're -- while there might have been some cases of voter fraud that, by and large, it did not appear that those cases were based on somebody impersonating somebody. Which is, you know, I think largely what this bill tries to fix, is making sure that the person that, you know, presents themselves as a certain person is that person. So in the debate, that was one of the key questions that members of the Caucus and other members continued to ask, do we believe based on whatever evidence we have that this has been occurring, that this is a big problem in Texas? And I don't believe that I recall a lot of evidence in that regard. You know, if I -- I would say that in a state with 26, almost 26 million people, and I don't know how many of those are voters off the top of my head, but you know, I would think that you would be talking about something, you know, in -- you would be talking about some pretty large numbers for that to be an issue. Q. Does the Caucus contend that there is no in-person voter fraud in Texas?

there," would that include mail-in ballot fraud?

A. I think that there have been allegations over

the years that there have been some mail-in ballots where there was fraud, where there was suspected fraud.

Q. But it's not the Caucus's contention that there is no such thing as in-person voter fraud or voter impersonation; is that right?

## A. No, not -- it's not a zero game.

Q. Does the Caucus contend that Senate Bill 14 will prevent Latino Texans from voting or lower Latino turnout?

A. I think the Caucus is concerned that this bill would prevent a lot of people from voting, including -- the people that I'm talking about at the town hall meeting that I went to in Cedar Springs with a couple of other state reps happen to be primarily Anglo, and it was the Anglo women who stood up and said that they weren't going to be able to vote either. You know, because their drivers license said this and their voter ID said that. And so they had a question.

So anytime anybody is going be denied the right to vote, we're concerned about that. But the primary concern of the -- I think of the Texas Legislative Black Caucus in taking whatever action it took, was to two speak to -- speak for those people that

A. I don't know that that's the Caucus's contention. But I will say this. I will say it is the

Caucus's belief that with fraudulent votes, this is not

an area where we have evidence as a state, based on the

debates on the Floor, that we have a lot of

activity. Now, is that zero? No. I'm not saying it's zero.

8 zero.9 But I'm

But I'm saying from the debate on the Floor, and I'm sure that the persons who came with this bill were armed with the best evidence that they could get so as to convince their colleagues that this was the right thing to do. And obviously, they were able to convince a number of people that this was the right thing to do. But it wasn't based, from my recollection, that our knowing that, oh, yeah, a couple of hundred

that our knowing that, oh, yeah, a couple of hundred people did this in the last year and here's who they

were and here's what they did. That didn't happen.

There's, you know, yes, there -- from now until the end of the time, end of time, I would suspect that there's going to be some attempt at voter fraud.

But the Caucus belief was that this bill doesn't get at

that. This bill is basically about impersonation and doesn't get to the issues that may be out there.

Q. When you say "the issues that may be out

we represent, because that's what they expect us to do, to come here and to voice their concerns and their issues. So the chairperson would be the person to speak to that, I guess, absolutely, but in my case, speaking for the Caucus and being in those meetings, our concerns were everybody overall, but certainly African Americans.

And you know, there's a college in my district that's a small historically Black college.

Many of those students don't have government ID because they don't have, you know, they don't have a driver's license. They don't travel out of the country so, you know, they don't have a passport. Their student ID won't help them. So it's a major concern. How do these students -- I mean, what are they going to -- it was a major concern that this created another barrier, and if you don't call it a barrier, at least you have to say that for some people there's at least another step that you have to take in order to vote.

And our thing is about removing barriers as best we can. And at the same time, I don't want anybody to vote who shouldn't be voting. But I also don't want anybody who should be voting to have to climb some mountain that they shouldn't have to climb.

Q. What colleges in your district?



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- A. Paul Quinn.
- Q. Paul Quinn.

3 A. Also the University of North Texas -- the

4 University of Texas -- the University of North Texas at

- Dallas is in my district as well as Cedar Valley
- 6 College, as well as North Haven -- Northbrook. Oh,
- 7 they're going to kill me. I'll have to tell you before
- 8 I leave.

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Q. Okay.

A. And North -- I have to remember the rest of the North. But I'm very fortunate in that I have at least four colleges in the -- in the area that I

- 13 represent. You know, two privates and two
  - publics. Northwood.
    - Q. Northwood?
  - A. Northwood Institute.
- 17 Q. Did you hear -- did you or the Caucus hear from 18 students at all of the colleges in your districts about 19 concerns about ID?
  - A. I don't know that I -- I know that I heard from -- I know that the Caucus heard from Paul Quinn and Cedar Valley. I don't know -- I think the University of North Texas at Dallas is a little bit different kind of a university in that, for the most part, you don't have
    - -- we don't have the 18 and 19-year-olds there, you

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- 1 thing, which is why many of the churches -- I just
- 2 happened to have the conversation -- correspondence with
  - Riley Simmons, but many of the African American churches
- 4 in the area that I represent and other members represent
- 5 were concerned about the very elderly who might not have
- 6 this card, having to stand in that line, and how
  - discouraging that was going to be. It isn't always --
- 8 it isn't always the easiest thing for the elderly to get
  - out to vote to begin with, and anything that makes it a little bit harder, it has a negative effect.

MR. FREDERICK: Do you all mind if we take a quick break?

MR. TANNER: I was just about to suggest that.

(Recess from 11:03 to 11:20 a.m.)

- Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Representative, are you familiar with the polls regarding Texans' support for voter ID legislation?
  - A. No, I'm not.
- Q. Does the Caucus believe that elderly voters are more likely than average to lack one of the IDs required
- A. We particularly believe that elderly African Americans are -- are more likely.
- Q. Why is it -- what's the basis of that belief

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- know. It's older, more mature people. And I did not 1 2 hear from those people regarding this. And 3 specifically, I don't recall that I specifically heard 4 from Northwood.
  - Q. To the extent that students expressed concern about IDs, did that tend to be younger 18 and 19-yearold students?
    - A. It did tend to be younger ones.
  - Q. Does the Caucus believe that Senate Bill 14 would prevent indigent Texans from voting?
  - A. Well, yes, in that they are now required in many cases to take an additional step that they didn't have to take before. If you didn't have a government ID, currently, there are a number of ways you could establish your identity. And with that taken away, many of them are going to have to go the Department of Public Safety and get this alternative identification. And the Department of Public Safety in the state of Texas is -those folks are already -- I don't want to say understaffed, that would get me in trouble since I'm on appropriations but --
    - Q. Overworked maybe?
  - A. But let me just say that the Department of Public Safety gets a few complaints about having long lines, having long waiting periods and that kind of

that elderly African Americans would be more likely to 2

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- A. Well, I think they -- they have, if you're elderly and you're poor, you have perhaps fewer transactions where these -- where certain documents are required. I guess a lot of times with banks, for instance, if you have banking relationships, certain kind of photo IDs and so forth, are required to establish those banking relationships. But particularly, I think the elderly, I think more African Americans who are elderly than the general elderly population.
  - Q. And among elderly people, this -- is that belief based on the understanding that more elderly African Americans would be poor than other elderly persons?
- A. I don't know that that's the case, but -- that that's the case for the belief, but if you're asking me if I believe that, the answer is yes. But I'm speaking here for the Caucus. I passed legislation to that effect.
- Q. Does the Caucus believe that poor or indigent voters are more likely than average to lack a form of ID required by SB 14?
- A. I'm sorry. I was taking a drink of water and



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the bottle made a noise, so I didn't hear the whole thing.

- Q. Of course. Does the Caucus believe that poor or indigent voters are more likely than average to lack a form of ID required by SB 14?
- A. Okay. That sounds like the same question that I just answered. Do we believe that elderly African Americans are more likely to not be in possession of photo ID?
- Q. Well, this one is: Does the Caucus believe that poor or indigent voters, regardless of age, would be less likely to have the ID required by SB 14?
- A. Gee, you know what? I -- I'm not sure that the Caucus really has a position on that.
- Q. Does the Caucus contend that disabled voters are less likely than average to have the identification required by SB 14?

MR. TANNER: If I could interject with an objection as to the form. I think we're, again, we're getting back to the level of formality in the Caucus and how much the Caucus is an institution, an unstructured institution, takes positions that are separate from the legal aspect of the position, and whether they take positions as a group or have taken. I think the witness has been very forthcoming in terms of providing the

- Q. Does the Caucus contend that rural voters are less likely than average to possess the ID required by SB 14?
- A. Speaking for the Caucus, the Caucus is -- has been very concerned about African American voters in rural areas and that voter turnout and the fact that we need to do what we can to make sure that those people are -- have an opportunity to be engaged. I think I would have to -- I would have to leave it there.

So, yeah, we do -- we have some concern about rural voters, and particularly those -- those rural voters who happen to be African American. Because, for the most part, African American legislators that can be accessed easily by African American constituents are folks in large cities. In the rural areas, we -- there is a, you know, a -- some representation in some of the rural areas but not that much. And so, yeah, there is -- there is a real concern about the African Americans and their ability to vote in rural areas.

And a lot of that has to do with, I know you -- we just coming back to history. There are places in the state that history reflects that it has not been very good for African Americans who want to vote. And those areas are -- I don't want to say largely rural,

general information about the sense of the Caucus, and I'm sure will continue to do so. But again, we're presuming a level of formality and structure that has not been established by the questions so far.

MR. FREDERICK: Okay. Well, I mean, the basis of these questions is that the Caucus as a group has intervened and answered in this lawsuit, so that's -- that's the only basis for my questions directed at the Caucus. And I would contend that's a sufficient basis, because the Caucus has actually appeared in the lawsuit. So, I mean, that's the only way that I know how to answer the question -- or to phrase these questions.

MR. TANNER: All right. Well, I was just adding that caveat to it.

MR. FREDERICK: Okay.

MR. TANNER: And to clarify the nature of -- I understand the limitations on how you can ask questions and how the witness can respond.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Let me reask the question.

Does the Caucus contend that disabled voters are less likely than average to possess the

A. I'm not sure that the Caucus has taken a

identification required by SB 14?

position on that.

but certainly in rural areas, there's been a problem historically.

- Q. Does the Caucus believe that an African American voter in a rural area would be less likely than other voters, say Anglo or Hispanic voters, in the same area to have an ID required by SB 14?
- A. I'm not sure that they -- they have taken -- I'm not sure that the Caucus has taken a position on that
- Q. Okay. Are you aware or is the Caucus aware of any evidence that an African American in a rural area would be less likely than a Hispanic or Anglo voter in the same area to have the required ID under SB 14?
- A. I don't think the Caucus has any facts, factual evidence on that. They may have more anecdotal kind of information.
- Q. Are you aware of any specific anecdotal information about whether African Americans in rural areas would have the ID required by SB 14?
- A. Not directly, no, not directly. Just again, I mean, you're asking for -- I mean, I can't -- is it out there? Yes. Can I pinpoint it to a person and a place? I can't. But anecdotally, I will say yes, it's that kind of feeling exists, that kind of thought pattern exists.



Q. Can you identify kind of how or by whom that thought has been expressed to the Caucus, anecdotally or otherwise?

A. Well, I think would it have come through some of our discussions about how to better engage African Americans in some of the rural areas, particularly, I would say in some of the East Texas areas where the voter turnout doesn't seem to be, you know, what it could be, what the potential is. And I think that whole thought pattern of the rurals not -- of the rurals being less likely to possess this has to do with perhaps occupations even, you know, largely agricultural in a lot of cases and so forth, and maybe less likely to have some of these pieces of -- some of these IDs.

Q. But you're not aware of specific --

A. No, I'm not.

Q. -- information?

A. No, I'm not.

Q. Does the Caucus believe that poor or indigent voters are less likely to be able to obtain one of the IDs required by SB 14?

A. Less likely from the standpoint of their being able to go and get the transportation to a site where they can get a free ID. And also taking into consideration that with the Department of Public Safety,

So I think in a general broad sense kind of way because we know where wealth is and where it isn't, it would seem to me that -- or would seem to us that African Americans would be more at a disadvantage.

Q. Is there anything -- is there anything besides the disparity in wealth --

A. Uh-huh.

Q. -- that would put African Americans at a disadvantage related to getting one of the required forms of ID under SB 14?

A. Well, I don't know. I'm not -- I'm going to speak, you know, the Caucus and as a member of the Caucus, I'm going to speak as an individual, but one of the things that I've worked with a lot with African Americans, older and in rural areas, is that many of them -- I won't say many, but I'm going to say a number of them who have come to our offices that we work with never had birth certificates, because they were delivered by midwives. And those midwives somehow or another -- I mean, I'm talking about a lot of years ago, didn't make it to wherever they needed to make it to, to register, so I can't tell you -- we've had to counsel and work with and direct a number of elderly people who did not have birth certificates, so and had to get what is called a "delayed birth certificate," so I think, you

I'm pretty sure we don't have a Department of Public Safety in every one of our counties in this state. I could be wrong about that, but you know, just trying to recall as best I can.

I mean, if you were to ask just people in general whether or not we need more DPS sites, I think the answer to that would be -- would be yes. But certainly if you don't have an automobile and you don't have transportation and the only place you can go and get this ID is 35 or 40 miles away, I think the likelihood of you being -- some people being up to doing that is not that great.

Q. And would the burden that that would place on a voter, the problem of transportation, access to a DPS, would that be any different for an African American voter or a Hispanic voter or an Anglo voter?

A. Well, yes, Mr. Frederick, because we do have national statistics as well as state statistics that really show that African American wealth is nowhere near that of Anglo wealth. And so what that transforms into is that they may, you know, a lot of these people may not even have automobiles to be able to, you know, live in a rural area or some place and be able to have a car to go 40 miles if they need to, to get to a site where they can do it.

know, just kind of based on that, the same thing follows.

Q. And in your experience with what you were just talking about, is it your understanding that people who might have been birthed with a midwife and might not have a birth certificate, are those people more likely to be African American?

A. Well, what I can say is that the folks that we have been asked to work with from our office have all been African Americans. I mean, it's -- you know, and you have to go back and try to help them try to figure out how to research the census, how to get something from their church, how to get a Bible, you know, how to get an insurance policy, how to do -- you know, because the documentation apparently doesn't exist for these people. And I don't know how they got that way, except that most of them that have contacted us have said that they were delivered by a midwife, and I dare say, in some cases, nobody at all, just family delivered.

So when we speak about the elderly, I think we have to take those kinds of things into consideration, and I think it's a whole separate set of issues from the very young. So I think the elderly are disproportionately affected if they're African Americans. The young are disproportionately affected.



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That's -- that was my position. I hope the Caucus is okay with that.

- Q. Are you aware of any studies or statistics that show that the people who would lack a birth certificate or have a midwife birth would be disproportionately African American?
- A. I think in the old days that's true. I -- you know, and that's why I say the elderly, because I think we have a whole new -- another game now. I mean, the whole midwife thing is popular across the board, and it's pretty much regulated, and folks have to do what they have to do. And those kind of regulations did not exist back in those days. And in rural areas, you might not have been even close to any doctors. You might have been miles away from a doctor.
- Q. Do you have a sense based on your experience with that issue of how -- where the age cutoff is for people who would have that kind of problem?
- A. Well, I think they're -- quite frankly, I think they're pretty old. You know, I mean, we're not talking about folks in their fifties. We may not even be talking about people, you know, up to 65. I mean, we may be talking about, you know, the -- well, the people that we've -- that we've helped, they have been in their sixties, because many of them, quite frankly, are trying

we exist to make sure that African Americans have equal opportunities in this state. And, but at the same time, we understand that African Americans cannot advance while, you know, everybody else that's disadvantaged is standing still. So everybody has to move together.

But you know, we -- our agenda really is one that is African Americans. But we do believe, I think I can say on behalf of the Caucus, that we believe that Hispanics are going to be disproportionately adversely affected by Senate Bill 14 as will African Americans

- Q. Since we've been talking about this, I think we've identified a couple of factors that would be I think you said an extra step that would be required to get an ID, and I think one of those was you might have to just go to the DPS; is that right?
  - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. And then one -- another might be you might not have a birth certificate or whatever documentation; is that right?
  - A. Uh-huh. Yes.
- Q. Another might be if you had to pay money to get, you know, either a driver's license or a birth certificate, that would be an extra step; is that right?
  - A. Yes.

- to go over to the -- where you apply for Social Security, and didn't have proper documentation to apply for Social Security. So, you know, that -- that would say you were -- you were, you know, sixty-ish, I would say.
- Q. Does the Caucus contend that voters in the rural areas would be less likely than urban or suburban voters to be able to get one of the IDs required by SB 14?
- A. I think the answer to that would be yes, you know, basically, due to the availability of a DPS site. DPS sites are more available in urban areas, I think, or I know.
- Q. Does the Caucus contend that with respect to availability of DPS sites and transportation to get ID, does the Caucus contend that African Americans would be -- rural African Americans would be affected differently than Anglo or Hispanic rural residents?
- A. I suspect that Hispanics would be affected as well. And again, I want to -- you know, the Caucus is concerned about everybody in the state. But the Caucus has a primary concern for African Americans. And so, generally, as loose as our organization is in terms of having, you know, structure that says this, this and this, we're concerned about everybody, but we're -- but

- Q. And are there any other -- are there any other specific burdens that the Caucus contends SB 14 would have on people?
- A. Gee, other than the things that -- that we have -- that I have articulated, for us, having to take an extra step and not being able to take that extra step is huge.
  - Q. Uh-huh.
- A. And it's a reason to be concerned, because we want people to -- we want people who are eligible to vote, to vote. And it's been such a long difficult ride for African Americans. I mean, when people have died because they simply wanted to vote, it takes years to turn around that kind of thinking and to get people to understanding, you know, that, yeah, it's okay now. And then you -- so just the mere fact that you're putting in another step that says you've got to have this -- this is the only thing that you can use, it requires a whole new education.

Particularly for the elderly, and you know, I don't know that our state is going to be willing to do what is necessary to educate these people. I mean, we need some TV -- if this were to go into effect, we need some TV PSAs and all kinds of education to make this -- to get anywhere near a good result. And I just



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don't think you can get a good result by asking people to make -- make this -- to take this -- this extra step in terms of being able to identify themselves as being eligible to vote.

Q. So if you, hypothetically, if you had an African American voter and an Anglo voter who were, you know, lived in the same place, had the same socioeconomic status, would there be any extra burden or any other steps that the African American individual would have to take to comply with SB 14?

A. I think you would -- I would have to answer that by, you know, we've got to take into consideration all the things -- did you say economically? Tell me -- give me your question again.

Q. Of course. Of course. If we had, let's say hypothetically, we've got an Anglo voter, an African American voter, say they're the same age, live in the same place, same neighborhood, and they have the same, you know, socioeconomic status.

A. Uh-huh.

Q. Is there anything, any extra burden or step that the African American voter would have to go through under SB 14 as opposed to the Anglo voter?

A. Well, even though I'm older than you, that aside, you and I would be dealing with the same set of

vote, whether that history would have any effect or impose any burden on an African American voter who, you know, is not indigent, is not in a rural area, you know, doesn't have any of the kind -- you know, is not elderly, who doesn't have any of, you know, the burdens that we've been talking about, is it -- I'm just trying to understand how the history would play into the burden on a specific voter.

A. How the history would play into the burden on -- we're all creatures of our circumstances, our experiences, our backgrounds, and I guess that's one of those things that is not easily articulated, but it is something that has to be contended with and taken into consideration.

And for African Americans, we know that it is very real to be able to get the voting participation rate up among African Americans to where the voter participation rate is across the board. And so we have to look at all of these things, I think, that may have a chilling effect. And I think adding this extra step really does -- really does do that, and it's at least real for those people who have to -- who have to deal with it

I mean, in the case of two people -- two groups who are similarly situated, middle income, this

circumstances. We wouldn't have to do anything differently. The only difference would be that I have a history of not being able to vote. And unfortunately, we can't leave that baggage behind. And so do I have to take another step? A step more than you would have to take? No.

But I come -- I mean, the only reason we have the Voter Rights Act is because of the history of voting in our state, and we can't minimize that. So you and I would be similarly situated. You know, you wouldn't have -- I wouldn't have to do anything more than you would do, because you know, it would just be a -- the same, the effort would be the same. But I think that we -- we really cannot minimize the historical piece of this and how we got here and why we're even grappling with this.

Q. And I understand that. I guess what -- and this is what I'm trying to figure out. It's just I think a piece of all of this.

A. Yeah.

Q. And it's the effect that just the specific requirements of SB 14 will have on -- on voters, and it's what I'm trying to get at is whether -- is whether SB 14, because of the history that you've been talking about, just in terms of availability of ID or ability to

and that and the other thing, so they got a car, can get to the driver's license -- to the Department of Public Safety, to get the -- what -- their driver's license or whatever they need, they've got a birth certificate, this and that. You know, that's -- that's pretty even, but that's not necessarily most of the world.

Q. Uh-huh.

A. That's really not most of the world. I mean, you've got such a high unemployment rate, you know, for African American youth, for instance. And if you've got a choice between, you know, going to try to find yourself a job and going to try to get this document, which one are you going to do?

I mean, yeah, there are all kinds of barriers that come in those kinds of circumstances that are not easily articulated, but I think the fact that we're doing what we're doing brings all of that into consideration. Because yeah, there are a lot of barriers for people, not for you and I. But one of the things that I try to do in the legislature is -- and I'm on record as saying this many times from the mic, "We ought not to be making laws for people who sit in this chamber, because we're special. We're privileged."

And so what we're talking about is dealing with those people who are not as privileged as we



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- are. I mean, you and I are on the same level, but unfortunately that doesn't exist for everybody. And I think we believe that this is -- this is an extra step, and any additional step will have a negative effect on African Americans if it's one that requires additional
- 6 resources in terms of financial resources to get to the
- 7 DPS. If you had to buy a birth certificate, which might
- 8 require another visit to city hall. Or if you don't
- 9 live -- if you were born someplace other than the city 10 in which you live, that's a whole another set of 11 circumstances. If you're from Texas, it's dealing with
- Austin. If you're from outside of the state, it's
  dealing with some other capital. And so there are a lot
  of additional things that go into making what seems like
- one easy step.
   Q. But to the extent that -- to the extent that
   any voter, you know, say they have a driver's license
  - that's current --A. Uh-huh.

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- Q. -- SB 14 wouldn't impose a different burden on a voter if he or she happened to be African American, Anglo or Hispanic or Asian American, if they actually had a driver's license; is that right?
- A. Yes, that's right. And that's why I brought my notes so I could just be sure what the bill says. So

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- A. It's just our House Research Organization.
- Q. Oh, it's the HRO report on SB 14?
- A. Yeah, that goes with SB 14.
- Q. Okay.
  - A. Just made it easy for me to look up.
- Q. Of course.
  - A. So I would know what I was talking about.
- Q. Does the Caucus know how many Texas registered voters lack one of the IDs required by SB 14?
  - A. We do not.
- Q. Can -- can you, speaking for the Caucus, identify any Texas registered voter who does not have one of the IDs required by SB 14?
  - A. Can we identify them?
  - Q. Uh-huh.
- A. I can't give you the names right now, but we --I have been in some -- had some meetings where people stood up and said they didn't.
  - Q. You don't know what their names are?
  - A. No.
  - Q. Do you know if their names were ever recorded or written down anywhere?
  - A. Possibly. I'm not -- I'm going to say no, because you know, basically, these -- these were meetings where we were trying to say, "Well, we got to

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- these are -- you know, got that section of the bill, you know, printed, but you know. No, I mean, to the -- to just -- well, I thought I had that so I could just move right in there and see it. But no, I mean, if you've got that, that documentation, then it's -- it's no different.
  - Q. Well, let me ask you some questions about who has documentation. And by the way, I don't mean to stop you, if you're still looking for something.
  - A. No, no, I found it. I was just looking at what we can use now, you know, all these -- a sufficient amount of -- I would think, of pieces of identification versus just a driver's license, just the military ID, citizenship certificate, U.S. passport.

And I will tell you that I was -- well, anyway. Yeah. So, I mean, a lot of people don't have a passport. If they don't travel out of the country, they might not have a passport. Some of them haven't been to the military. I don't know where they would get the U.S. citizenship certificate. So they're pretty much going to be dealing with, if they haven't been to the military, they're going to be dealing with a driver's license or a concealed handgun license.

Q. Can you tell me, I notice you're referring to a document, what document is that?

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- figure out a way to fix that probably before the bill was done," and whatever, but was completed.
  - Q. Did the Caucus -- and forgive me if I've asked you this already, did the Caucus conduct any study of photo ID possession by Texas voters?
  - A. Not that I'm aware of.
  - Q. To your knowledge, is the Caucus -- does it know, say, the levels of photo ID possession by various groups of voters in Texas, and what I mean is, does the Caucus know the percentage of African American registered voters in Texas who have one of the required IDs under SB 14?
  - A. Factually, we don't. I can tell you that I think that the Caucus believes that African Americans are less likely to have had a concealed weapon permit.
    - Q. Uh-huh.
  - A. Which is one of the documents that would be acceptable. I -- that would be something that would be easy to get, but I suspect -- or it might not, but I can tell you that on that one particular document, the Caucus certainly anecdotally believes that there would be far fewer African Americans who would possess that document.
  - Q. Does the Caucus have a specific belief about, you know, the different levels of possession of any



73 75 We both probably have birth certificates. other of the documents listed in SB 14? 1 2 I do. 2 A. I -- I don't believe so. 3 3 And I think we -- we cannot -- we cannot MR. TANNER: Just -- never mind. 4 4 discount the fact that the whole socioeconomic deal has A. I don't believe so. 5 an impact on people. It has a -- depending where you Q. (By Mr. Frederick) All right. 5 are in that, you may not be -- you might not have easy 6 A. I -- you know, I don't -- you know, the 7 driver's license or the passport, again, you would have 7 access to some of these documents. 8 to deal with anecdotal. We don't have any statistics. So, and then -- I mean, it just probably 9 I mean, I would suspect that the passport would be one. needs somebody else to talk about this, but even when 10 10 you talk about, you know, the concealed handgun permits I mean, if you're not traveling internationally, I don't 11 11 unfortunately in Texas and throughout this country, for quite know what else you do with passports. So "I don't 12 12 that -- for that matter, I mean, we've got so many young know" I guess is the real answer. 13 13 Q. We've been talking about it, so I'll just ask men who have been somehow or another caught up in the 14 you: Do you have -- do you have a driver's license, a 14 criminal justice system, some rightly, some wrongly, 15 15 we've seen by the exonerations. And so all of those current Texas driver's license? 16 16 things impact who has a concealed weapon permit and who A. I do. 17 Q. Are there -- are there other members of your 17 doesn't. So there are lots of factors out there that 18 18 would cause some people to be more likely to have these household who are voting age? 19 documents that are acceptable as identification at the A. Yes. And Mr. Frederick, so we don't have to go 19 20 down that line, again, everybody in my family has 20 voting booth that just don't come to the surface 21 21 whatever kind of ID is his. But I think I just said, immediately. There's a real difference. 22 and I'm going to say that again, that we should not be 22 Q. Well, I want to move on and don't have a whole 23 the model for this. I mean, we've got to think about 23 lot more, but I'd like to move on now. We've been 24 people who are in other circumstances. So I wasn't 24 talking a lot I think about effect and how this bill 25 supposed to be speaking personally, but I was supposed 25 might affect the people. I want to move briefly to the 74 76 to be speaking for the Caucus, but yeah, I mean -- I 1 purpose of the bill. 1 2 mean, yes, we all have birth certificates, almost all of 2 Does the Caucus contend that preventing us have passports, but then we're talking about people 3 in-person voter fraud is not the purpose of Senate Bill 4 in different circumstances. I just said that you and I, 4 5 other than age, we're probably very similarly situated. 5 MR. TANNER: I'm going to object to the 6 That is not the case overall. 6 form of the question and that it calls for a legal 7 Q. And while we're on the subject, and I'll move 7 conclusion. You know, purpose is a complex legal on in just a moment, but what are -- if you just remind 8 question that involves a lot of specific factors, and we 9 me what the specifics circumstances are that would put 9 can go through those one by one if you like. But I'd someone in a different situation than maybe you or I are 10 10 like to stay away from legal conclusions. You know, 11 11 those are reflected in documents filed by the court. 12 A. I think, you know, beyond the control of 12 MR. FREDERICK: Let me --13 people, if they're elderly, born in a rural area where 13 MR. TANNER: And will he reflected in 14 there might not be doctors and what have you, and where 14 additional documents filed by the court by various 15 there might not be easy access in terms of where they're 15 16 -- where their birth need to be registered, you and I 16 MR. FREDERICK: Fair enough. 17 17 Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Let me see if -- let me just probably travel internationally a great deal, and so, 18 yeah, I would have a passport because I travel a lot. 18 ask you before I move on: Do you understand -- do you 19 So that would -- that would differentiate us. 19 understand my question about the purpose of SB 14, or do 20 We are -- or in my case, I'm a driver, so, 2.0 you need me to rephrase? 21 you know, I have a DPS -- I have a driver's 21 A. Would you rephrase? license. But we're talking about -- I talked a lot 22 MR. TANNER: Yeah. I think that in terms 23 23 about the elderly and the very young, African American of form of a question about the purpose of the elderly and very young, which is an area that I know an 24 legislative act would need to be open to the possibility awful lot about. 25 that there are multiple purposes held by multiple



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legislators in terms of what actually is going on. I think the Court would be able to take judicial notice of that. And so we can go among the -- well, I don't want to phrase your questions for you.

MR. FREDERICK: Let me rephrase. I think I can avoid the legal confusion.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Does the Caucus contend that the Texas legislature did not actually pass SB 14 in order to prevent in-person voter fraud?

MR. TANNER: I think you've just rephrased, but it has the same problem as to the form. And the possibility, again, of multiple forms of, you know, that -- the witness would be in a position to answer whether that was a stated purpose of it or whether she heard on the Floor or elsewhere statements of legislators to that effect.

Q. If I were to ask you what the purpose of a bill, a piece of legislation was, what would you -- what is your understanding of purpose, i.e., legislative purpose, if you have one?

A. Well, the purpose usually comes from the person who is bringing the bill and saying "We're doing this because of that, and this is what we're trying to accomplish."

Q. Was there -- are you aware or is the Caucus

leeway. And there are many purposes the many members of the legislature have, and ultimately, you know, you do get down to certain factors as for a legal sense of whether they're a purpose, and I think the form of the question needs to be clearer as to that.

MR. FREDERICK: I think the -- I think the questions have been clear, because the witness has been able to answer. So I think that -- I don't think that there's a problem with the form of the questions. I believe that the witness has understood them and is perfectly capable of answering them, as far as she understands, so I would like to reask the question.

MR. TANNER: As far as she understands in terms of the position of the Caucus.

MR. FREDERICK: Exactly.

- Q. And let me be clear. I'm not asking for any legal conclusions. I'm just asking for what does the Caucus believe?
  - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. And that's it. So let's see if I can remember my last question.

Does the Caucus contend that there are any -- that there's any other specific purpose other than preventing in-person voter fraud behind SB 14?

A. Well, I know I answered that before in another

aware of a stated purpose for Senate Bill 14?

A. Yes. I would have to -- to look at the House research. But obviously, the stated purpose was not -- it was to -- the stated purpose was to prevent voter fraud, voter impersonation, loosely, generally, I'll say was the stated purpose.

Q. Does the Caucus contend that there was any other purpose behind SB 14, stated or unstated?

A. I would have to say that the Caucus does not believe that this bill does anything to prevent voter impersonation, nothing.

Q. I understand that and I appreciate that. I guess I'm asking a slightly different question. Whether or not -- well, understanding that the Caucus may believe that it may not accomplish the stated purpose --

A. Uh-huh.

Q. -- does the Caucus contend that there was any other purpose behind SB 14, whether it was stated or unstated?

A. I think the Caucus's position would be that they have questions about what the purpose was.

Q. Does the Caucus contend that there was any other specific purpose behind SB 14?

MR. TANNER: I -- again, I'm going to object to the form. I've been trying to give

way, and Mr. Frederick, that's the only way that I can answer that. The Caucus didn't say, "Hey, this is the real deal or that's the real deal." What the Caucus said is this bill doesn't do what we've been told it's supposed to do, what the purpose is. It doesn't do anything to improve that situation.

So I cannot tell you, you know, I cannot tell you more than that. But other than the fact that this doesn't -- this is not going to do anything to -- and do we even have a problem in the state with people impersonating someone else and voting for someone else? Those are the kinds of discussions that the Caucus has had, to the best of my knowledge.

Q. I understand that. I appreciate that. So is it your testimony then that the Caucus doesn't contend that there's a different unstated purpose other than preventing in-person voter fraud behind SB 14?

A. I can't say that --

MR. TANNER: Again, is the form. You're presuming that there is one purpose among of legislature with a lot of people who are, as we've already discussed, individuals --

MR. FREDERICK: Uh-huh.

MR. TANNER: -- who -- and the whole
notion that there's one purpose in a legislative act is



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MR. FREDERICK: I understand. I think this has been addressed by the Court as a legal issue in a lot of orders and filings.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) I want to be clear to you, Representative Giddings, I am -- I do not intend to presume that there is a single purpose. In fact, what I'm trying -- I'm just asking you whether the Caucus contends that there were other specific purposes. So I think my question presumes that there may not be a single purpose.

So what I'm asking is: Can -- does the Caucus contend that there is another specific purpose besides preventing in-person voter fraud behind SB 14?

A. That there is another specific purpose?

Q. Yeah.

A. I'm not sure that I can speak for the Caucus on that issue other than to -- to go back to what I said; I mean to say, this bill is not going to do anything for this situation. So I can't say that -- I can't speak for the Caucus on the other part. All I can speak to is, at this point, is just what I said, that the bill doesn't seem to accomplish the stated purpose. Q. And does that lead the Caucus to believe that

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there is another purpose behind the bill?

A. Well, I won't say for the Caucus, but it always leads people to ask questions. If the purpose is this and it doesn't accomplish that, then there's always a question of what does it do? And that's not with just this bill, that's with every -- you know, every bill or many bills. So I am not sure, you know, how to answer that, rather than we took it from the opposite end, it doesn't do that, but here's what it is going to do on the other side.

Q. Has any legislator made any statement that you're aware of that there was another purpose other than preventing in-person voter fraud behind SB 14?

A. Has any other legislator? I -- now, this --I'm testifying for the Caucus, for the entity, for the organization, and whether the -- whether or not the organization has any information along those lines, I'm not aware.

Q. Does the Caucus contend that the Texas legislature intended to harm African American voters by passing SB 14?

MR. TANNER: That's the same objection.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) You can answer.

A. I think what the -- what the Texas legislative Black Caucus did is forget about -- well, I think what the Texas Legislative Black Caucus did is look at

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results, what will the result of this be? That's where they hung their hat.

Q. So would it be fair to say then that the Caucus does not actually contend that the legislature intentionally acted to harm African American voters by passing SB 14?

MR. TANNER: We're going to object to the form of the question in that it calls for a legal conclusion for the grounds I've stated before. The contentions of the Caucus are stated in the papers that are filed thus far, and we're happy to answer factual questions about -- you asked about the activity on the Floor. And given the nature of the issues in the case, it would be more appropriate, a more appropriate form of the question to ask whether the passage of the bill satisfied the Caucus, that it was entirely free of any racial or discriminatory purpose or effect.

MR. FREDERICK: John, with respect, I'm going to object on the record. I would ask you not to coach the witness. I believe I understand you need to object, but -- and I appreciate your thoughts on the questions, but I believe that we're getting pretty close to a line. So I would respectfully request that I just be allowed to ask the witness questions. You may certainly object, but I would ask that the witness be

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permitted to answer subject to your objection.

MR. TANNER: I'm certainly not trying to coach the witnesses, and now it's getting into legal discussion or legal language in terms of talking to you about it. And the witness has been very forthcoming in answering the questions, and I'm sure we'll continue to be so.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Does the Caucus contend that SB 14 was passed with a racially discriminatory purpose?

A. I guess if you're not a member of the legislature, this is very hard to understand. We pass lots of legislation, you know, on occasion, that we think is going to do this. And we pass it, and we try to pass it for the purpose of doing that, but sometimes the effect is something else.

I'm personally involved in one of those cases right now which went before a committee that I chaired. We passed the legislation to do this. It's not racially anything to do with this. But now we're finding out that the legislation really -- the effect of the legislation is really this. And so sometimes you deal more with the effect than you do with the purpose, and so that's what we've dealt with here is the effect of this legislation, and what it does, what it might do,



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what we believe that it will do in terms of African

So that's not uncommon, not just with the bill, but with lots of bills. I mean, you know, there's a purpose and then there's, you know, what is the -- you know, what is the result of that. And so lots of times we don't concentrate so much on -- we concentrate on what's going to happen if this bill gets passed.

Q. Sure.

A. And that's where we came down. What's going to happen, you know, on African American -- to -- to just people in general and particularly African Americans if the bill gets passed, that's -- that's sort of where we've come down.

And as a legislator, this is probably too much information, you do your best not to try to get into -- it's hard to get into the heads and hearts of people who are trying the pass legislation, but I think -- I think it's fair game when you start to talk about what's the result of this. What's going to happen as a result of this piece of legislation being passed?

very helpful, and it kind of -- it helps me phrase the question: What -- I mean, I guess what I'm trying to get at is: Does the Caucus contend that any member of

<mark>ucus</mark> 

Q. I appreciate that. That's -- I mean, that's

the Texas legislature who supported SB 14 did so in order to, you know, have the kind of negative effects on

African Americans that the Caucus believes the legislation may have?

MR. TANNER: I think the witness has already answered that question by her statement that that's not the focus of -- of her approach. And again, the legal contentions the Caucus has set forth in the documents and the witness is trying provide as much information as she can about the actual experience of the -- of the legislature.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Do you remember the question?

A. Yes. And Mr. Frederick, my answer is going to be the same, because, you know, I'm very -- very sincere about that. I mean, there are lots of times when you just -- you have to -- you have to look at the results of something, and not the purpose, and I can't get into another legislator's head, and they can't get into mine. I've passed pieces of legislation that I thought the purpose was this, and the result was that.

And so it's -- it's the same, it's the

same with this. I mean, that's how I personally looked at it, and I think that's how the Caucus looked at it is, you know, what effect will this have on some of our

voters, some of the people that we represent. We looked at it that way. And also, we had lots of -- lots of communication with lots of people who believed that it was going to have a negative effect on being able to -- to get voters out.

- Q. And I -- you understand the difference between purpose and effect, right?
- A. Not in a legal sense, I don't.
- Q. No, no. And I'm not asking a legal sense. Based on your previous answers, I believe you testified that, you know, sometimes when you pass legislation, there's a purpose, and then it might have an effect that you didn't think it would have.
  - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. So I mean in that sense --
  - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. -- you understand the difference between the purpose of a bill and its effect?
  - A. Uh-huh.
  - Q. Is that right?
  - A. (Witness nods head yes.)
  - Q. And all -- and so what I'm -- my question is: In that sense, does -- is it the Caucus's position that there was a racially discriminatory purpose for the

passage of SB 14?

MR. TANNER: That --

- A. If there was a what?
  - Q. Racially discriminatory purpose?
- A. Is it the Caucus's contention?
  - Q. Correct.

A. I -- I'm not -- I can't answer that any other way than -- than I've answered it and not because of this, but just because that's the way in a lot of cases we measure legislation. I'm dealing right now with the lease purchase that came through my committee. The intention was to help some people over there who had gotten in bad situations and never got deeds. The effect was we pretty much closed down lease purchases in the state of Texas. So the effect was we pretty much closed down lease purchases in the state of Texas. So that was the effect, wasn't my bill, somebody else's, that was the effect of that legislation.

And so that's what we -- that's basically what I try to deal with is effect. You know, what's the real effect? The purpose might be this, but when you put it all together, this is what the effect is going to be.

Q. The lease purchase bill that you mentioned, I mean, despite its effect, you can say that the purpose was something else and it had this different effect,



89 91 1 right? 1 thought I could be responsive by dealing with effect. 2 A. Uh-huh. 2 Q. And let me -- I think it may help if I just 3 Q. So, I mean, it's true, isn't it, that a bill 3 back up from what we've been talking about. A basic 4 4 may have one purpose, and then it may have an question is: Are you aware of the claims or defenses 5 5 unanticipated or unintended effect, right? that the Caucus has asserted in this lawsuit? 6 A. Uh-huh. 6 A. I'm smiling, because I am not. 7 7 Q. This may be a better way of phrasing my Q. Okay. 8 question is: Is it the Caucus's position that -- that 8 A. I'm, you know, I -- I just came on with my 9 SB 14, that any legislator intended SB 14 to have a 9 basic knowledge of the Caucus and that. So have I --10 10 have I read the filing or the pleading or the whatever? negative effect on African American voters? 11 11 A. I think that would be, you know, just a real, 12 12 Q. To your knowledge -- and I'm asking only about real stretch for me to get it. There's 150 of us over 13 13 what has been alleged in this lawsuit, I'm not asking there in the House. We're just like the rest of 14 14 you to give me a legal answer. To your knowledge, has society, you know. The vast majority of us are well-15 15 intentioned. The big, big vast majority of us are wellthe Caucus claimed in this lawsuit that there was a 16 intentioned. We just reflect society. 16 discriminatory purpose behind SB 14? 17 17 I try not to -- not to, on a personal A. I have -- I have not read -- I'm not sure what 18 18 basis, judge legislators or legislation from, you know, it's called, the filing, the pleading, the whatever, I 19 from that standpoint. And you know, all of my remarks 19 have not read that at all. 20 regarding redistricting, and other than passing an 20 Q. So you don't know whether the Caucus has 21 21 amendment, I didn't actually go to the mic on this, I asserted that there was a --22 don't think, other than to pass an amendment. 22 MR. TANNER: Asked and answered. 23 I just have to go back to the effect, 23 Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Okay. So you don't know 24 24 which is I think why -- why the Caucus is involved is whether the Caucus has asserted in this lawsuit that 25 because of the effect. And I understand that there may 25 there was a discriminatory purpose behind SB 14? 90 92 be some legal standards as it relates to purpose. And 1 A. No, sir. I -- I have not -- I have not read 1 2 as an attorney, I'm not -- I don't think I'm qualified 2 the -- I've not read the document. 3 3 Q. Okay. If there were -- if there were evidence to speak on those, but beyond that, just as a 4 4 legislator, I don't -- I can't speak of -- I can't say that -- that African American voters possessed the 5 5 that the Caucus never -- I cannot say what -- about were required photo identification at the same rate or level 6 6 there other purposes or whatever, but what I can talk as every other group of voters, would the Caucus --7 7 about is -- is the result and effect of it. would the Caucus -- would the Caucus still contend that 8 8 the bill would have a negative effect on African Q. Earlier we went through the deposition notice, 9 9 and we looked at some of the topics. American turnout or voting? 10 10 A. I think that --A. Uh-huh. 11 11 MR. TANNER: I think that question has Q. And the first -- let's see if I can find it 12 here. This was -- this would have been Exhibit 1, but 12 been asked and answered several times. The witness has 13 the first topic was: "The factual basis of Texas 13 testified repeatedly about the special burdens that face

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A. Uh-huh.

Q. And the first -- let's see if I can find it here. This was -- this would have been Exhibit 1, but the first topic was: "The factual basis of Texas Legislative Black Caucus's claims or defenses in this lawsuit, including any contention that Senate Bill 14 was enacted for the purpose or will have the effect of denying or abridging the rights to vote on account of race, color or membership in a language minority group."

A. And I took that to mean either/or. And you

A. And I took that to mean either/or. And you know, or --

Q. Right.

A. -- "or" means purpose or effect.

Q. Right.

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A. And while I could not speak to purpose directly, I'm hanging my hat on effect. And so I

MR. TANNER: I think that question has been asked and answered several times. The witness has testified repeatedly about the special burdens that face African American voters, in particular, who may not have one of the qualifying documents, including the birth certificate and including the driver's license, because of the various disparities that to which the witness has testified.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) And let me ask it again, because I'm asking you, and I realized that this may ask you to assume something that's different from what the Caucus contends in the case. But if there were evidence that showed that there was not a disparity in ID possession --



Q. -- would the Caucus still contend that SB 14 would have a negative effect on African American turnout on voting participation?

MR. TANNER: Or has the Caucus taken a position to that?

A. Well, I was -- I was going to say there,
Mr. Frederick, that if I'm speaking here for the Caucus,
I can't answer that question. Because number one, we've
never believed that, and therefore, we've never had any
discussion that would lead us to be able to answer the
question that you've -- that you've just asked, because
we've never believed that to be the case as a Caucus.

On a personal basis, I would still have to wonder about the effects, the historical effects on African American turnout. There's no way that that can ever be discounted. It's just like people going to the museum. For many, many years, people of color didn't get to go to the museum. Now they can go to the museum. Do they go in the numbers that they should? No, they don't.

And so there's -- at this point, I don't know when the time will come when we can say, you know, people being killed because they wanted to vote is not affecting what's happening to voting today. But -- but the Caucus never addressed that, because the Caucus

Texas, has an effect on how many African American people

vote; is that accurate?

A. I think that's right.

Q. And so it seems to me, based on that testimony,

that even -- you know, even if SB 14 didn't exist, that
 history might have some effect on African American

turnout, African American voting; is that right?

A. I think that that history has an effect today,

if that's what you're asking me. Does that history have an effect today? Yes. You know, are we getting -- is it getting better? Yes, it is. Will this cause us to

make a turn and go back the other way? Quite possibly.

Q. And what I'm trying to get at is: What is -- I'm just trying to figure out, if I can, what it is that SB 14 would add to the history? What additional burden or deterrent, or whatever the word would be, what that would add to the history?

MR. TANNER: I've got to object. This has been asked many times, and the witness has talked about this in response to many questions. And I -- it's been asked and answered over and over again. You keep trying -- you know, the --

MR. FREDERICK: I mean, I think the objection is on the record. I respectfully disagree that the specific question has been asked or answered.

never believed that to be -- to be the case. That would be interesting to see.

Q. But it's possible, isn't it? I mean, I'm not all at all trying to discount the effect of history on voting.

A. Uh-huh.

Q. But it's possible, isn't it, that history could have an effect on its own even if it turned out that SB 14 didn't require anybody to go get a new ID?

MR. TANNER: I believe that the witness already has testified that that's not something that the Caucus has taken a position on.

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) Can you answer the question?

A. Well, if I'm answering -- and I'm here, you know, for the Caucus and to talk about our proceedings and the things that we did. It's not something that we could -- that I could answer. But I do really want to understand the question you just posed.

Q. Sure. We've talked a lot about the history, and you know, as I understand it, the -- your testimony has been that the history of discrimination and violence associated with voting --

A. Uh-huh.

Q. -- specifically toward African Americans in

Q. (By Mr. Frederick) So can you answer the question? Do I need to have it read again?

A. Yes, would you?

Q. Of course.

MR. FREDERICK: Could you please read the last question?

(The requested portion was read back by the court reporter.)

A. What it would add to the history? I don't know that it's going to add to the history, but what it's going to do is make it more difficult for some people, as I just talked about, people who don't have birth certificates, people who don't have a driver's license, who may not have a car to get to. So it creates an additional step that has to be taken, and that additional step for some people is not simple or easy. They have to do some things to take that additional step, some of which they may want to do, and they may not be able to do.

But we -- we really want to make it easy for people who are eligible to vote, to vote. We really want people to think that government is by the people, for the people and of the people. And they are the people, and they ought to be able to vote. And so we want more people who are eligible and legal voters to



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1	vote in this process. Not people who want we don't	1	Q. Or the number of Latinos who would be affected
2	want to step back from that. I mean, it's against	2	by any of the laws?
3	everything I think that we believe in as a country, as a	3	A. You know, this is taxing my memory, because we
4	state, as a people. And if we're not accomplishing	4	did this in '9 and '11, I think, but I don't recall
5	if we're not seeing the result, if it's not if it's	5	Q. Okay.
6	not solving a problem and in our opinion, it's not	6	A such a study.
7	solving a problem, it's causing a problem. Why are we	7	Q. On the Floor of the legislature and in the
8	doing it?	8	discussions among legislators, you testified that there
9	Q. Okay. I appreciate that.	9	was a stated purpose
10	So last question: So what it would add,	10	A. Yes.
11	then, just to sum it up, it just adds that people might	11	Q to prevent ID, and that no one produced
12	have to go get an ID that they don't have; is that	12	examples of voter impersonation. On the Floor of the
13	right?	13	legislation, did on the Floor of the Legislature,
14	A. And going to get that might require them some	14	excuse me, did members of the Black Caucus and others
15	financial resources. It might require that they may not	<mark>15</mark>	voice concerns such as you have voiced today, about the
16	be able to do it at all. And so then, if they can't do	16	discriminatory impact on minority voters by such a
17	it at all, it would deny them the right to vote, which	<b>17</b>	requirement as by such a requirement?
18	is something that we certainly would not want to	18	A. There was a great deal of discussion as it
19	happen. But we might set up a scenario where for some	19	relates to the effect of this legislation.
20	people, at least in the near future, they may be able to	20	Q. And were advocacy groups also presenting to
21	correct it if given some time, but they may not be able	21	members of the legislature various studies and
22	to vote at all because they don't have the required	22	statistics about the impact of the bill?
23	documents for whatever reason.	23	A. Well, I can't speak to studies and statistics
24	Q. Thank you.	24	specifically, but I can say that advocacy groups were
25	A. Thank you.	<mark>25</mark>	coming in and saying this is going to be the effect, and
		1	
	98		(100)
1	98 MR. FREDERICK: I will reserve further	1	[100]  [I'm sure some of those had studies and what not, but I]
1 2		1 2	
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101 backing up a step. 1 2 Does the legislature normally have a 2 3 two-thirds rule on consideration of legislation? 3 4 4 A. In the Senate. 5 Q. In the Senate? 5 6 A. Yes. 6 7 7 Q. Okay. And did, in this instance, the Senate 8 abandon the two-thirds requirement for the voter -- for 8 9 9 10 A. That is my understanding. I'm more familiar 10 11 with, you know, what went on in the House, but it is my 11 12 12 understanding. 13 Q. Okay. And the House, is there a practice in 13 14 the Texas legislature called "chubbing"? 14 15 15 A. Yes. 16 Q. Could you explain briefly, for those not 16 17 17 familiar with the Texas legislature, what chubbing is? 18 18 A. Well, chubbing is a practice that members have 19 when they find something so very objectionable that they 19 20 just keep talking and talking and talking, 20 21 21 and they try to talk -- talk the bill into the death 22 chamber. I quess. 22 23 Q. Is it fair to characterize that as similar to a 23 24 24 filibuster? 25 25 A. Yes, it is. Very much so. 102 Q. In the instance of the passage of SB 14, the 1 1 2 voter ID bill in this instance, did the legislature take 2 3 steps to prevent chubbing? To the best of your 3 4 4 recollection? 5 5 A. You know, I'm -- I'm going to have to say that 6 6 I don't really remember. I believe that is the case, 7 7

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Q. All right. In addressing the circumstances or in terms of your knowledge of the circumstances of the minority community in Texas, about how many communications per year do you have meetings, town halls, telephone calls, e-mails, other letters, other communications, do you get a year that describe the circumstances of the Black community in Texas?

A. Oh, I mean, there's no way I could count those. I mean, it's just too numerous to count. If you're asking me how many telephone calls I get talking about whether it's voter ID, whether it's redistricting, whether it's health care disparities, whether it's educational disparities, if you're asking me how many of those I get, there's no way I could count those. I mean, it's just a continuous flow of communication.

- Q. And that is -- has that been the case for you and other members of the Caucus for many years?
  - A. For many years, yes.
- Q. And on various issues you receive statistics and studies from state agencies and other sources?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. In terms -- if this goes through, if SB 14 becomes effective as law, will that change the burdens on you as a member of the legislature or as a leader in your community, in terms of responding to requests from

but I cannot say definitively. I know that there were bills, maybe, I don't remember specifically what bill it might have affected.

- Q. Are you an officer of the Caucus?
- A. Iam.

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- 12 Q. What office?
  - A. Secretary.
  - Q. Now, you've testified some about the structure or lack of structure of the Caucus, of the independence of the members, of the small budget, and Mr. Frederick has elicited information about the absence of studies conducted by the Caucus on any issues.
  - A. Uh-huh.
  - Q. About how many, if you can give any sort of ballpark, communications do you have with constituents and advocates and others about the circumstances of the Black community in Texas?
  - A. Okay. I got lost. I'm somewhere. I'm sorry. Repeat that.

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constituents and others?

A. Well I --

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MR. FREDERICK: Object to the form of the

- Q. (By Mr. Tanner) If SB 14 goes through, will there be any change in the number of requests for information, such as you mentioned that you go through, help a lot of people get replacement or delayed birth certificates, I think you called it?
- A. Right. Yes. There's no question that there's going to be a greater need for voter education, just based on the number of questions that we're getting right now. It can -- you know, it can only go up when this is actually -- if it's actually implemented. So it is going to be an increase in the number of people that -- that we communicate and the number of communications and trying to help people, who are having difficulty, walk through how they can eliminate whatever problems they're having in access of the documents that they need.
- Q. In response to questions from Mr. Frederick, I believe in terms of the voter registration, voter education activities of the Caucus and its members, you indicated, I believe, if I'm characterizing this correctly, that those issues are not separated out, but



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1	they come up, tend to come up whenever you've have town	1	A. Well
2	halls and the summit that you mentioned?	2	Q. Texas attracts a lot of people from other
3	A. Right. Yes.	3	states, I know.
4	Q. Are there a large number of issues, or how many	4	A. All of the people that we've dealt with have
5	issues do members of the Caucus have to deal with that	5	been people who are who reported that they were born
6	are of concern, of particular concern to the minority	<mark>6</mark>	in Texas, as far as I know. Because, of course, I don't
7	communities in the state?	7	do all the work in my office. I just kind of get a
8	A. Oh, wow. There are just so many issues,	8	briefing on what's going on, but some of these things,
9	because in a lot of cases, you know, we're trying to	9	you know, I do get personally involved in.
10	look at, as I said, eliminate disparities, whether they	10	Q. Well, that appears, I think it's a fair
11	are whether they be in education and the number of	11	characterization, or is it, that this is a fairly
12	students of color who are not achieving at the level	12	complex process that individuals, the average individual
13	they should be. That's a whole big conversation.	13	would need some assistance in accomplishing.
14	Health care is a is a big conversation.	14	A. Oh
15	There are just any number of issues that	15	Q. Is that
16	are before us. In addition to that, you know, we've got	16	A. Yes. I think I think people definitely need
17	House members who are going to file some 4,000-plus	17	assistance, and even with the assistance in my office,
18	bills, and you know, what do you do with all of those	18	sometimes it's taken us, the person thought forever to
19	bills? So we have a full plate.	19	assist them, because we can't do it. All we can help
20	Q. You have a full plate, and then there are only	20	them do is to follow the guidelines that are set forth
21	24 hours in the day; is that correct?	21	by the Bureau of Vital Statistics.
22	A. Right. Yes.	22	Q. It seems like forever to the person. Are we
23	Q. So if you are, as you've testified, spending	23	talking days, weeks, months, years?
24	additional time on voter education and other activities,	24	A. I'm talking in some cases months. I can
25	for any new voter ID requirement, what effect would that	25	remember one that actually took months.
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1	106 have, if any, on your ability to address other concerns	1	Q. And if a judgment were to come down in this
1 2		1 2	
	have, if any, on your ability to address other concerns	_	Q. And if a judgment were to come down in this
2	have, if any, on your ability to address other concerns of minority voters?	3 4	Q. And if a judgment were to come down in this case, say, two months before the election, and if the
2	have, if any, on your ability to address other concerns of minority voters?  A. Well, if we take some time away from our other other issues that are on our plate and and we will definitely have to spend some time, a lot of	3	Q. And if a judgment were to come down in this case, say, two months before the election, and if the demand for assistance from your office were to increase, and thus, the demand on other offices increases, would you expect those delays to increase, and the time that
2 3 4 5 6	have, if any, on your ability to address other concerns of minority voters?  A. Well, if we take some time away from our other other issues that are on our plate and and we will definitely have to spend some time, a lot of time on education and on assisting our voters here, it's	2 3 4 5 6	Q. And if a judgment were to come down in this case, say, two months before the election, and if the demand for assistance from your office were to increase, and thus, the demand on other offices increases, would you expect those delays to increase, and the time that it takes to get responses to increase as well?
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	109		111
1	for the deposition, and one of the things you mentioned	1	do. As I mentioned, I wanted to know what in case
2	was the letter from the Department of Justice.	2	you asked me, what amendments the Texas Legislative
3	A. Yes.	3	Black Caucus had filed, and I didn't want to rely on my
4	Q. Do you recall I think you said the letter	4	memory.
5	was dated in March 2012: is that correct?	5	MR. FREDERICK: Thank you very much. I
6	A. I I have it here. It's the only I	6	don't have any more questions today. I appreciate your
7	reviewed it this morning. It's stamped March the 12th.	7	time very much, Representative Giddings.
8	Q. Okay. And Mr. Frederick characterized that	8	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
9	letter as the letter in which the Department of Justice	9	(Deposition concluded at 12:59 p.m.)
10	objected to SB 14. Is there specific language in the	10	(Deposition construct at 12.33 p.m.)
11	letter that where the Department of Justice objects?	11	
12	MR. TANNER: Would you like to point to a	12	
13	particular part of the multipage letter?	13	
14	Q. (By Ms. Miller) Does the letter ask for	14	
15	information from the State?	15	
16	A. Well, from from what I've seen, the letter	16	
17	asked for additional information and also points out,	17	
18	makes makes certain points like concluding that the	18	
19	total number of registered voters who lack a driver's	19	
20	license. It provides information, I suppose, that they	20	
21	are saying ought to be taken into consideration as it	21	
22	relates to SB 14.	22	
23	I will say that in order for me to ask	23	
24	your question directly, I would have to say answer	24	
25	your question directly, I would have to sit here and	25	
	110		112
1	read this letter, because I read it very quickly just	1	CHANGES AND SIGNATURE
2	before I came over here. And but but I don't	2	RE: TEXAS VS. HOLDER, ET AL
3	Q. So just his characterization of the letter	3	PAGE LINE CHANGE REASON
4	objects to SB 14. Is there any specific language that	4	
5	would make you concur that this is an objection to the	5	
6	bill?	6	
7	A. Just, well, you know, generally, on behalf of	7 8	
8	the I object to Sections 9 and 14 of SB 14.	9	
-	Q. Okay.	10	
10	A. Would that I suppose. I see that language.     But not I don't see language as it relates to SB 14,	11	
11 12	overall. But this let me point out for the record	12	
13	·	13	
14			
	that this is a five this is a six-page letter in		
1 5	probably 6-point, no bigger than 8-point, so it was a	14	
15 16	probably 6-point, no bigger than 8-point, so it was a very quick reading that I did this morning, and but,	14 15	
16	probably 6-point, no bigger than 8-point, so it was a very quick reading that I did this morning, and but, no, I don't see an objection, per se, overall, to SB 14,	14	
16 17	probably 6-point, no bigger than 8-point, so it was a very quick reading that I did this morning, and but, no, I don't see an objection, per se, overall, to SB 14, but certain sections.	14 15 16	
16 17 18	probably 6-point, no bigger than 8-point, so it was a very quick reading that I did this morning, and but, no, I don't see an objection, per se, overall, to SB 14, but certain sections.  MR. MILLER: Thank you.	14 15 16 17	
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	113		115	
1	THE STATE OF)	1	was duly sworn by the officer and that the transcript of	
2	COUNTY OF)	2	the oral deposition is a true record of the testimony	
3	COUNTY OF	3	given by the witness;	
	Defense as a second sec	4	That the deposition transcript was submitted on the	
4	Before me,, on this day	5	day of, 2012, to the witness or to the	
5	personally appeared REPRESENTATIVE MAY HELEN GIDDINGS,	6	attorney for the witness for examination, signature and	
6	known to me (or proved to me under oath or	7	return to	, by
7	through (description of identity	8	, 2012; and if returned, the original	-
8	card or other document) to be the person whose name is	9	transcript will forwarded to Matthew Frederick, the	
9	subscribed to the foregoing instrument and acknowledged	10	custodial attorney;	
10	to me that they executed the same for the purposes and	11	That the amount of time used by each party at the	
11	consideration therein expressed.	12	deposition is as follows:	
12	Given under my hand and seal of office	13	Mr. Frederick: 2 hours, 36 minutes	
13	this, 2012.		Mr. Tanner: 17 mintes	
14	,	14	Ms. Miller: 7 minutes	
15		15	I further certify that I am neither counsel for,	
		16	related to, nor employed by any of the parties or	
16		17	attorneys in the action in which this proceeding was	
	NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR	18	taken, and further that I am not financially or	
17	THE STATE OF	19	otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.	
18		20	Certified to by me this 7th day of June, 2012	
19		21	Chia Coursette 1	
20		22	The state of the s	
21			Chris Carpenter, Texas CSR 1151	
22		23	Expiration Date: 12/31/2012	
23			100 Congress Avenue, Suite 2000	
24		24	Austin, TX 78701	
25		25	(512)328-5557	
		45	Firm Registration No. 283	
	114			
1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
	FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
2	STATE OF TEXAS, )			
3	) Plaintiff,  )			
4				
5	VS.			
	ERIC H. HOLDER, JR. in his )			
6	official capacity as Attorney ) General of the United States, )			
7	) Defendant, )			
8	)			
9	ERIC KENNIE, et al, )			
_	Defendant-Intervenors, )			
10	TEXAS STATE CONFERENCE OF ) CASE NO. 1:12-CV-00128			
11	NAACP BRANCHES, ) (RMC-DST-RLW)			
12	) Three-Judge Court Defendant-Intervenors, )			
13	) TEXAS LEAGUE OF YOUNG VOTERS )			
	EDUCATION FUND, et al, )			
14	) Defendant-Intervenors, )			
15	)			
16	TEXAS LEGISLATIVE BLACK ) CAUCUS, et al, )			
17	) Defendant-Intervenors, )			
	)			
18	VICTORIA RODRIGUEZ, et al., ) )			
19 20	Defendant-Intervenors. ) REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION			
	DEPOSITION OF REPRESENTATIVE MAY HELEN GIDDINGS			
21 22	JUNE 6, 20112 I, Chris Carpenter, Certified Shorthand Reporter in			
23	and for the State of Texas, hereby certify to the			
24 25	following: That the witness, REPRESENTATIVE MAY HELEN GIDDINGS,			



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